

EXERCISES:

I) nicht müssen – nicht dürfen

REGELN:	“müssen”	= must, have to, has to, had to
	“ nicht müssen ”	= need not , don’t/doesn’t/didn’t have to
	“dürfen”	= may, am/is/are/was/were allowed to
	“ nicht dürfen ”	= must not , am/is/are/was/were not allowed to

Insert the correct form of “nicht müssen” or “nicht dürfen” (___/10)



- The children are too young! They _____ go to the disco at midnight.
- I can do my homework alone. You _____ help me.
- The Queen is very rich. She _____ save her pocket money!
- Our English teacher was ill last week, so we _____ do our homework.
- When the traffic lights are red, you _____ cross the street!
- The children _____ go to bed early yesterday. It was Saturday.
- My mother _____ stay up until midnight when she was young.
- A baby _____ play in the garden alone. It is too dangerous!
- Last week, we _____ stay up late. My mom said it was not ok.
- When the sun shines, you _____ take an umbrella.

II) Adjective/Adverb

REGELN:	ADJECTIVES (kein “ly”)	beschreiben <u>Personen, Dinge & Tiere</u>
	ADVERBS („ly“)	beschreiben, <u>wie</u> jemand etwas <u>macht</u>

Insert the correct form (___/10)



- Why is Lisa so (sad) _____? – Because she wrote a (bad) _____ mark in her English test.
- Kimmy always studies (hard) _____, but she is often (nervous) _____ before a test.
- Please don’t be so (loud) _____. Speak (quiet) _____!
- The snail climbed up the stone very (slow) _____.
- Jimmy isn’t a very (good) _____ snowboarder, but he can swim very (good) _____!
- Tammy can not answer the questions because she (hard) _____ learned for the test.

Lösungen: I) 1. must not (aren’t allowed to) 2. need not (don’t have to) 3. need not (doesn’t have to) 4. didn’t have to 5. must not (aren’t allowed to) 6. didn’t have to 7. wasn’t allowed to 8. must not (isn’t allowed to) 9. weren’t allowed to 10. need not (don’t have to)

II) 1. sad, bad 2. hard (ACHTUNG! hardly heißt “kaum”), nervous 3. loud, quietly 4. slowly 5. good, well 6. hardly